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WASHINGTON BUREAU, HARVEY L. WILSON, MANAGER, RAPLEY BUILDING, WASHINGTON. D. C.

THE CIRCULATION OF THE TIMES IS LARGER THAN EVER BEFORE IN ITS HISTORY, AND IS STEADILY IN-

WEDNESDAY, JULY 19, 1893.

## SIX PAGES.

MEETINGS TO NIGHT.

Schiller Lodge, I. O. O. F., Lee Camp Pocuhontas Tribe, I. O. R. M., Powell's

Good Will Council, Jr. O. U. A. M., Druids' Hall.

Phil. Kearney Post, G. A. R., Eagle Hall.

Richmond Lodge, Tonti, Jr. O. U. A. M.

The State Council,, Chosen Friends,, Cen-Stonewall Camp, Fraternal Legion, Jr. O.

U. A. M. Hall West-End Beneficial and Social Society, Powhatan Hall. Virginia Lodge, Sexennial League, Druids'

Company A. First regiment, armory.

WHAT AN ENGLISHMAN THINKS. That the threat of the United States to pay existing obligations with a greatly depreciated silver dollar is the cause of that loss of confidence which has produced the existing financial distress is as clear to our mind as the noonday sun to the physical eye. Nevertheless, the inquiry made by the Washington Post a day or so back shows the importance of demonstrating this to the public mind, and we therefore lay before our readers this morning evidence in our possession, which, to our mind, is most powerful in its tendencies.

We mentioned several days back a case within our knowledge where a gentleman in Richmond cabled a friend in London, with large financial connections, asking him to see if he could borrow for him there \$50,000. He offered to pay 6 per cent. interest, with a liberal commission, interest and principal to be paid in gold coin, and first mortgage railroad bonds to be approved of by Drexel, Morgan & Co., of New York, to be deposited with that house as collateral security. The gentleman in London, after taking three days, cabled that he was unable to get the money. He has since written, and we are permitted to make some extracts from tils letter. He says:

"On receipt of your letter I did all I could in the matter, but could not get any one to entertain the business. I am told that a very large amount of English capital has been sought for by Americans on far more favorable terms. Everything here is upset by this silver business. The uncertainty as to what the United States will do keeps every one in a state of nervousness. It seems to me your Government is reaping what it has deliberately sown, but America is so rich that the contract of the territory of the that perhaps it can afford to fight Europe and get along with the dollar at about half the value of what it purports to be.

The writer in this letter has been much interested in our affairs in connection with the public debt of the State. He adds:

"I see parties who hold the State's certificates can get their new bonds in Richmond. Heaven only knows how long we will have to wait here. The delay is most irritating. The distribution has come at the worst possible moment am quite prepared to hear the United States have adopted a silver standard, and the bonds are worth one-half of what they now are."

The whole tale is told here. This Eng-

lishman, after having had his bond scaled by the funding act of 1871, then by the McCulloch act of 1879, and finally by the Olcott act of 1891, thinks he will lose one-half of what is left through the Government adopting the debased silver dollar as its standard of value. What this Englishman thinks all other Englishmen and all other foreigners think. They are selling everything American that they have, and they are refusing to buy anything American except our breadstuffs. We are boycotted by the rest of the world and our own money owners have locked up their cash. This is what it is to tamper with credit. It is idle to tell foreigners we will give them securities payable in gold coin. We have impaired their confidence in us. They say "you will promise to pay gold, but your Congress will pass a law allowing you to pay silver, and you will take advantage of

THE DISPATCH ON THE WAR PATH. At last the Dispatch enters the lists to defend its doctrines. It says Congress may constitutionally impose the present tax on the circulation of State banks, because Congress, by consent of all, constitutionally taxes brandy, incomes, whisky, oleomargarine, sugar, coffee, tea, rice, macaroni, and whatever comes in

through our ports. If, says the Dispatch, it may constitutionally impose taxes or all these subjects, why may it not impose a tax on the notes issued by State benks? The answer is very plain. Congress imposes taxes on all these articles to raise a revenue. The general Government requires an immense annual revenue, and it has the undoubted right to tax all forms of property in the United States to raise that revenue.

But the tax imposed upon the issues of State banks is not imposed to raise revenue. It is imposed to prohibit the issue of State bank notes. It is a tax of ten per cent, on the face value of the issue, which, of course, no bank could pay. It is, therefore, not a use of the taxing powers, but an abuse of it. It concedes that Congress has no power under the Constitution to prohibit a State bank to issue its notes, but it claims that Congress may accomplish that end, which it has no power to accomplish by direct methods, through the false pretense of doing something else that it has a right to do. It is a swindle, a sham and a shame. If the Congress of the United States thinks that the Government needs a revenue out of the issues of State banks, and imposes a fax upon them which the State banks could pay and still issue their notes, no one would have a word of objection to make to the tax. But it is the fraudulent character of this act which contains the constitutional objection to it. It is an act which accomplishes by indirect methods what Congress is denied the power to accomplish by direct methods. It is Jesuitical, false-an embodiment of lies.

#### MR. GEORGE BABER HAS SETTLED IT. A Mr. George Baber, whoever he may

be, writes to the Washington Post: "In all my talks with men from various parts of the State, I met no one, whether Democrat or Republican, who desires the re-establishment of State banks of issue. The expression on that subject was uniformly hostile to such a banking system, but there may be such men in portions of Virginia."

We have no idea who Mr. George Baber is and can, therefore, form no estimate of the sort of Virginians he is likely to have encountered. But, if his association with Vircinians is such as would probably lead him to interviews with her public men, or her men of finance, he could have heard the expression of very positive opinions and views in favor of State banks of issue. For instance, if he had taken the trouble to ask for the views of either of our senators, he would have learned that both favor them. If he had discussed the subject with the bank officers of Richmond, he would probably have found a majority of them in favor of them. And so, we believe, that he would have found a very large proportion, if not a majority, of the intelligent and thinking Virginians most heartily in favor of State banks of issue, if he had taken the trouble to seek out

#### DROWNED IN A TUB.

Accident to a Party Returning From

Church-Other Matters. DANVILLE, VA., July 18.-Special.-At Crooktown, a settlement two miles from this city, a careless colored woman left this city, a careless colored woman left her two-year-old child in the yard, where she had been washing clothes, while she went to the spring for a fresh bucket of water. When she returned she found the child drowned in a tub of water, about which it had been playing.

The corner-stone for Bethel Methodist Episcopal church was laid with Masonic commonles at Mountain Hill six miles.

onles at Mountain Hill, six miles Danville, to-day. A very large crowd was in attendance.

Monday night Misses Mary and Sallie lurton and Messrs. Hoge Burton and Rawley Anderson were returning from a country church to their home on the Halifax road, when the carriage was overturned on the edge of a precipic and the occupants made a very narrow escape from instant death. As it was, all were more or less hurt. Mr. Anderson was very painfully injured. A sneak-thief entered the room of Mr.

Oliver W. Dudley, a prominent tobacco-nist of this city, last night, and stole dia-monds and other jewelry of the value of several hundred dollars

Roanoke News Notes.

ROANOKE, VA., July 18.—Special.—conductor Duval, of the Vinton Electric Railway, was seriously injured last night by his head coming in contact with a post while leaning over to investigate some injury to the machinery.

Judge Woods, of the hustings court,

day granted a charter to the Keystone ining Company. The company owns luable iron and zinc property in this State and West Virginia, and is officered as follows: John Barlett, president; H. M. Engle, vice-president; Hugh W. Fry, secretary; Edmund Scaeffer, treasurer, of Lynchburg. The officers and H. C. Mussee and Amos Zeigler, director A. Galaher, foreman of the Roanoke Wood Novelty Works, who recently cut

and wounded Newton Brown because he found him in the city market with his daughter at night, lost part of his hand to-day by striking it against a circular

Governor McKinney has greatly improved since his arrival at Blue-Ridge Springs. His health, he says, has not been good lately. He will be present in Chicago August 9th, Virginia day.

### The Monument Arrives.

CREWE, VA., July 18.—Special.—An en-tertainment, called the "Quixotic Quak-ers," was given at Mann's Hall last evencre, was given at Mann's Hall last even-ing for the benefit of the Methédist church. Miss Carrie Gayle, a little daughter of Rev. R. F. Gayle, got the prize, a beautiful doll baby, for collect-ing the largest amount of money on the doll; over \$150 dollars was raised on it. he monument that is to be unveiled Nottowny Courthouse Thursday, arrived yesterday, and will be put in place at once. Fiz Lee will deliver the ad-, and the monument will be unveiled by Miss Sallie Irby, of Ashland. The largest crowd ever assembled at Notto-way will be there. The railroads will sell ickets at greatly reduced rates. A. P. of Confederate Veterans, of

Petersburg, are coming.

The convention to be held at Nottoway Courthouse the 28th of this month to select delegates to the Democratic State Convention will, no doubt, send an uninstructed delegation.

A Plasterer Fatally Injured. NEWPORT NEWS, VA., July 18.—Special.—A. W. Van Loon, a plasterer, was terribly mashed this afternoon by a falling scaffold in the house being erected by Mr. Peter Hudson on Twenty-seventh street. The scaffold, which was insecurely put up, was covered with timber, and it is supposed the strain caused it to fall. At the time of the accident the workmen engaged on the building were workmen engaged on the building were observing dinner-hour, and Van Loon was asleep under the scaffold. His back was broken, and he received serious internal injuries. The injured man, who has not been married long, was taken to his home on a stretcher. His physicians are that his injuries are sure to prove say that his injuries are sure to prove

A YOUNG WIFE BEATEN.

WALTER HORD IN JAIL AWAITING THE RESULT OF HIS CRUELTY.

James Orange Crushed to Death.A Prisoper Charged With Wife-Beating Goes Crazy\_Other Henrico News.

The case of Walter Hord, who was arrested Sunday on a warrant sworn out by 'Squire Thomas P. Larus, of Henrico, charging him, with an unlawful assault upon his wife, was called before 'Squire Larus in the Henrico county court-house yesterday morning, but owing to the critical condition of Mrs. Hord, was continued till the 24th instant. The accused was refused bail, and was com-

mitted to jail to await the trial. Hord is a young man, about twentyfive years of age, with dark hair and eyes. His father is a merchant in Fulton. When I saw him yesterday he stated that his wife had been in delicatehealth for some time, and on last Mon-day week went to make a visit to her While on the way to her moth er's house, he said, she fell out of the conveyance, and received painful inju-ries. Soon after this she was taken to the almshouse, but returned home again, and received other injuries by a fall at her house, on State street, in Fulton. The prisoner stated that he knew nothing of the charge of beating his wife, and denied that he had ever made an assault

His story is not credited. On last Sunday the ambulance was summoned to Hord's house, and Dr. Atkins, of the ambulance corps, found the woman in a very critical condition. There was an ugly bruise on the neck, and a bad-looking wound on the arm. The physician was of the opinion that the woman's arm was broken, and that she was suffering from severe internal injuries. When seen yesterday she was still in a precarious condition, and seemed to be in a semi-consolous state. The only in-telligible answer that could be gotten from her was that her husband struck her with a chair. It was at one time thought the woman would die. She ral-lied somewhat, but was by no means out of danger at a late hour yesterday. Young Hord bears rather an undesira-ble reputation. It is alleged that he has

no permanent employment, and spends most of his time loading. 'Squire Vincent, of Henrico, held an inquest yesterday morning over the re-mains of James Orange, a colored man, who was killed at Maynard's brick-yard, in Fulton, Monday afternoon about a o'clock. Orange was employed at the brick-yard, and was shoveling clay from the foot of an embankment, when the earth above him caved in suddenly, burying the man under a large mass of clay and rock. The unfortunate man was unconscious when rescued by some of his fellow-workmen. He was taken to his home, on State street, Fulton, where he died soon afterward. On investigation it was found that his ribs were crushed, and that he was internally

The verdict of the inquest was that death resulted from the above-named

The negro, James Booker, who was committed to the Henrico county ja on July 11th on the charge of wife beating, became insane about 9 o'clock Monday night, and finally got so violent that a straight-waistcoat had to be used. A commission of lunacy will inquire into

his case this morning.

The case of Watt Warwick (colored), charged with unlawfully assaulting J. B. Fennley, was tried in the Henrico county court yesterday, and the accused was sentenced to two years in the penitentiars.

THE "OLD FIRST" REUNION.

They Had a Glorious Time at Blenner's

The veterans of the old First Virginia regiment had a delightful day yesterday at Blenner's Park, the occasion being the thirty-second anniversary of the bat

le of Bull Run.
Escaping early in the day from the heart of the city, they found it exceed-ingly pleasant to throw aside for the nonce the cares and perplexifies of business, and once more renew the friendships that were formed in their fight for their homes and their rights. Many remi-niscences of the days that tried men's souls were again brought up and dis-cussed, and various games contributed no little to the pleasure of the gathering. A splendid lunch was served at noon, and at 4 o'clock the veterans sat down to an excellent dinner. The survivors were photographed during the day

ong those present were: Major Jas. Among those present were: Major Jas. E. Phillips of Company A. Lieutenant Logan S. Robins and William Harper Dean of Company B. Thomas Carr of Company C. Captain E. P. Reeve, Sergeant C. T. Loehr, H. W. Furcron, T. W. Robertson of Company D; Captain Eldridge Morris, A. J. Vaughan and John A. Meanly of Company G; Major Francis J. Boggs, Captain William M. Rosser, Captain E. W. Martin, Morris Claggett and Ryland Norvell of Company H; Captain B. F. Howard and R. J. Smith of Company I, H. Duebrel of Company K and Drum-Major R. C. M. Pohle.

All present deplored the sudden death of the late James A. Gentry. His genial

of the late James A. Gentry. His gental smile, hearty good will, and excellent verse were missed by the old volunteers, and many a word of sympathy was spo-ken for the family of the deceased.

Will Be Indicted Again,

In the hustings court yesterday the cases of the Comenwealth against R. J. Kenny, who is charged with burning goods and attempting to defraud an insurance company, came up for trial. The denfense, through his counsel, Mr. H. M. Smith, Jr., demurred to the indictment, and the demurrer was sustained. There being some error in the indictments, the prisoner was bailed to await the action of the grand juve who will be determined. of the grand jury, who will draw up new indictments to-morrow.

Make Haste to Defend Yourself If you live in a locality where malaria is prevalent, with a proventive that experience indicates as the most reliable of medical safeguards—Hostetter's Stombolical Society (For from the ob-If you live in a locality where malaria is prevalent, with a preventive that experience indicates as the most reliable of medical safeguaris—Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Entirely free from the objections—and they are valid ones—which attach to the mineral alkaloid quinine, it is far more effective, and its effects are not even scant, but instang, unlike those of the drug. There are portions of our land—and none more beautiful and more fertile—which at no season of the year are entirely exempt from the malarial scourge. In such regions Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has undergone a continuous test for the past forty years, with results which have established its reputation beyond all cavil as a special defense against every form of malarial disease. For ...nousness, also, it is an exemptioned. disease. For ... itousness, also, it is an acknowledged specific, and it is a potent remedy for constipation, dyspensis remedy for constipation, dyspepsia, rheu-mat m and an impoverished condition of .ne blood.

The Chesapeake and Ohio Reduces Its World's Fair Bates.

The Chesapeake and Ohio have placed on sale a World's Fair ticket, which is sold daily at one fare for the round-trip, the rate being \$19 from Richmond and Norfolk, and \$17 from Lynchburg. These tickets are limited to fifteen days from date sold, and do not permit holders to occupy sleeping cars. They are good, however, for first-class passage in the handsome vestibule coaches of that com-

For full information pertaining to rates, World's Fair matters, etc., address JNO. B. POTTS, D. P. A. C. & O. Ry., Richmond, Va.

Keep the Liver

Active and healthy by using Dr. David's
Liver Pills. They are mild, harmless
and very effective. 25 cents a box, of
25 pills. Five boxes for \$1.

OWENS & MINOR DRUG CO.,
Richmond, Va.

Insurance companies allow five per cent, discount from policies on buildings that have galvanized iron cornices instead of wood. Send for or 'phone Thomas N. Kendler, and get wood cornices taken down and galvanized iron substituted and save this five per cent, discount, which will pay you for the cornice in two menths.

GOVERNOR CARR'S ACTION. He Has Withdrawn the North Carolina Manuscript.

Colonel J. Bell Bigger, secretary of the Convention of Southern Governors, intended in accordance with an advertisement to open bids to-day at 12 M. for the publication of the pamphlet stating the physical resources, &c., of some of the Southern States, but he received in his morning's mail a letter from the Governor of North Carolina saying that as the publication of his address had been so long delayed, he desired to withdraw so long delayed, he desired to all the late of it and the plates which he had sent for cuts to appear in the pamphlet.

Colonel Bigger compiled with Governor the delivering to the ex-

Carr's request by delivering to the ex-press office the MS, and plates sent from North Carolina. The delay referred to has been en-tirely caused by the Governors them-

selves, as Colonel Higger, the secretary, did not deem it proper to so hurry up the publication of the ramphlet as to result in excluding a paper from any Southern Governor who might wish one

to be included. Governor Fester, of Louisiana, promised a paper, which has not yet reached the secretary, and Governor Tillman, of South Carolina, has not yet sent his South Carolina, has not yet sent his plates for cuts, and it is probable that not a single paper was in the hands of the secretary at the time he was required to advertise for hids.

The convention of Southern Governors met April 12, 1893, in this city, and the Governors from the States of Arkansas, Alabama, Louisiana, Missauri, Macriand

Alabama, Louisiana, Missouri, Maryland, North Carolina and Virginia were pres-ent, and the States of Mississippi, Georgia, Tennessee and West Virginia had accredited representatives. This convention authorized the publication of a complet, to contain statements in regard to the physical resources, &c., in regard to the physical resource, of each Southern State, and each of the Governors of the Southern States who were not present at the convention were notified of the action of this convention, and yet but four of the States, viz: Arkansas, Alabama, South Carolina and Virginia, have papers now in the hands of the secretary ready for publication The only Governor who was not present at the convention (but whose accredited rep-resentative was present), from whom not a line has been received on the subject matter of this convention, is the Gov-ernor of Tennessee. The other Governors declined to send papers, and so in ors declined to send papers, and the formed the secretary, giving their reasons for so declining. The States of Florida, Kentucky and Texas were neither represented in this convention by their respective Governors or by represented the respective Governors or by representatives and they also declined to send entatives, and they also declined to send

This withdrawal of the MS, and plates of the Governor of North Carolina has had the effect of disarranging all the details of the publication of this pamphlet, and it may be that nothing will re-sult from this assemblage of Southern Governors and other representatives, which can go to the world as the outcome of their meeting.

The secretary, while waiting to hear from Governor McKinney, who is at the Blue Ridge Springs, on the subject of the publication of this pamphlet, will take himself down to Gloucester Point on a visit to Red Eagle Camp.

THE Y. M. C. A. ORCHESTRA. An Enjoyable Entertainment at the As-

sociation Building. The entertainment given by the orches-

tra of the Young Men's Christian Association last evening at the Y. M. C. A. building was a success from every point of view, and the large audience in atten-dance showed their appreciation of the programme by their frequent applause of he selections rendered.

The reception-room was very prettily decorated with a profusion of spreading paims which made a pretty picture beneath the numerous incandescent lights The orchestra, which is composed of some excellent amateur talent, reflected no littie credit upon Secretary George F. Tib-bitts, the efficient leader, who has done admirable work in organizing and en-couraging the young musicians to cultirate their musical talents, and a number very pleasing selections were rendered

handsome style. Those who composed the orchestra were First violin, A. Bernstein, D. G. White-head, Emile Leiss; second violin, Jacob Kaufman, Lorimer James, Arthur Whigam; cornet, Joseph M. Brereton, G. Burton Mounteastle, Horace Dudley; drum, W. Fahr, Richard Sigfray; clarinet Walter Brown; euphonium, S. S. Perkins, plano, W. R. Walker; base violin, A. J.

Professor Horace F. Smith rendered a rocal solo with pleasing effect, and Mr. loseph M. Brereton caught the ear of the atire audience with a pretty selection or the cornet. A plano duet by Messrs. Tibbitts and Walker was an enjoyable eature of the programme.
After the entertainment refreshments

were served in the gymnasium.

HE WALKED IN HIS SLEEP.

Fell From a Second-Story Window and Crushed His Skull. The condition of Frederick Enroughty, the twelve-year-old son of Mr. J. W. Enroughty, who fell out of the secondstory window of his father's residence, No. 111 Denny street, Fulton, Monday night, about 11:20 o'clock, was still pre-

arious yesterday. No one saw the boy fall, and just how the accident occurred is unknown. I called at the house yesterday and learned that on the aforesaid night at the hour n entloned the boy's sister, who was sleeping in the room below, was aroused by the cries of the lad in the yard. When picked up he was in great pain, and the he physician on examination found that the skull was fractured, and the unfor-trate child was suffering from concussion f the brain. He was sleeping with his rother, and it is believed that he fell rom the window while walking in his leep. It was thought that he could not we through the night, but yesterday the

patient was conscious at times, and said he felt a little better. At a little hour last night he was still alive, but his parents were very apprehensive of his recovery. A NEWSPAPER FAILS.

The Bible Render, a Weekly Journal,

Makes an Asslenment. In the office of the clerk of the chancery court yesterday Edward L. Pell, editor and proprietor of the Bible Reader, editor and proprietor of the Bible Reader, a weekly religious paper published in Richmond, filed a deed of assignment, transferring the property of that journal to Benjamin T. Pillow, trustee. This deed is made to secure claims of certain creditors, and the trustee is directed to apply the proceeds from the sale of the property as follows: Jackson Guy, legal services, \$50; S. W. Whitchead, mailing clerk, \$33; J. J. Lafferty, about \$25; and to pay the other creditors pro rata. They to pay the other creditors pro rata. They are as follows: Richmond Paper Company, \$809; Dobler & Mudge, \$170; J. Lee Davis, \$98, and \$75; Sadler Paper Company, \$30; United States of America (Richmond postoffice), \$53. Any other creditors not mentioned are embraced in the clause of the deed. The Habilities are about \$1,300. Assets not given.

Property Transfers. Richmond-John W. Garrity to William D. Rock, 24 feet on south side Spring street between Laurel and Cherry, \$500.
R. A. Siewers to C. W. and O. J. Davis, 59 1-4 feet on south side Blair street near Randolph, \$750.

E. C. Tinsley to H. L. Cabell, interest E. C. Tinsley to H. L. Cabell, interest in 49 feet on north side Creek street near Brook avenue, and 17 feet on south side Williams street near Gilmer, E. Henrico—James H. Barton to J. E. Turpin and Hugh Miller, lot 1 in block 8, Brookland Park, \$200.

James H. Dooley and J. B. Pace to W. R. Johnson, 100 feet on Main street northeast corner Meadow, \$7,000. Beecham's Pills are better than mineral THE WHIRLIGIG OF TIME

AN ARTICLE FROM THE PEN OF HON. ANTHONY M. KEILEY.

In Which He Discusses in an Interesting Way the Gettysburg Speech of Rev. Thomas K. Beecher,

Dear Times.-I have just read with renewed interest, in your issue of the lith instant, the remarkable address of Rev. Thomas K. Beecher, delivered at Gettysburg five years ago. It should be added in compliment to the courage and consistency of Mr. Beecher and to the spirit of fairness of those who invited him to deliver that address, that his position on the moral question of our civil war has always been the same, and has always been known in Western New York, where he has preached for more than forty years. If there are any Elmira prisoners still in Richmond they will indorse my statement that Mr. Beecher was almost the only minister who preached to us on the Sundays of 1864, who never let fall a word which could wound the most sensitive Confederate. Before the war, even, he was known as a relentless foe to the political abolitionist, and since it has been his habit on the Sunday immediately fol-lowing the 4th of July to address his flock mainly on the necessity of justice in their judgment of the Southern pe

in their judgment of the Southern people.

When I was in the United States last, in 1891, he delivered, on Sunday, July 5th, a very outspoken sermon of this nature, and, speaking of it in a letter he wrote me a few weeks later (which is now be-fore me) he said: "My own flock have been so wonted to my manner of speech that the discourse caused no surprise." There have been some recent deliverances on these questions more striking, however, than Mr. Beecher's, and more unexpected. One of these has created a mighty stir in Massachusetts, to-w the affirmation of Mr. Cabot Lodge his elaborate "Life of Webster" that the time of the adoption of the present Federal Constitution "there was not a man in the country who regarded the new system as anything but an experi-ment entered upon by the States, and from which each and every State had the right peacefully to withdraw, a right which was very likely to be exercised." But perhaps the most striking evidence of this returning reason is to be found in the volume the volume "Division and Reunion orming the third of the series known of

"Epocha of American History." This work, written by Professor Willson, of Princeton, and edited by Professor Hart, of Harvard, is a concession, the more valuable since it is given without en-thusiasm and somewhat apologetically, of the impregnable soundness of the con-tention of the South, whether legally or historically considered. Speaking of the successive withdrawals of the Southern States in 1890-61 the author says, p 211: "The legal theory upon which this start-ling and extraordinary series of steps was taken was one which would hardly

have been questioned in the early years of the Government. \* \* It was for long found difficult to deny that a State could withdraw from the Federal arrangement, as she might have declined to enter it. • • • The South withdrew from the Union because, she said, power had been given to a geographical, a sectional party, ruthlessly hostile to her interests, but Dr. Von Holst is certainly right when he Dr. Von Holst is certainly right when he says: 'The Union was not broken up because sectional parties had been formed, but sectional parties were formed because the Union had actually become sectionalized.' There had been nothing active on the part of the South in this process. • • • She retained the old principles which had once been universal."

These are useful utterances and timely, These are useful utterances and timely, for truth is always timely-certainly, at

least, when there is question of historic truth, and their value is the greater, as they come as the deliberate judgment of a professor of jurisprudence at Prince-ton and with the imprimatur of a profes-sor of history of Harvard.

Has not the time come for some one to sum up for the South, and at the South in this the "Cause Celebre" of her people, or is the "Republic of Republics" of an Englishman still to hold place as her one defence before the tribunal of the public judgment of Christendom?

Cairo, June 30, \$893.

A PROMINENT MINISTER EXPELLED Suit by His Wife for Divorce-Grave

Charges of Evil Doings. Charges of Evil Boings.

CHARLOTTESVILLE, VA., July 18.—
Special.—On the second rule day in July a bill for divorce was filed in the corporation court by Mrs. Nannis T. Waldrop, formerly Nannie T. Christmas, daughter of Captain John W. Christmas, of this city, against her husband, the Rev. E. L. Waldrop, a pracedur of the Disciples? Waldrop, a preacher of the Disciples church, and an evangelist of some noto riety in Virginia and Pennsylvania. In this bill grave charges of evil doings an gross immoral conduct are preferred by his wife, but not until Sunday did the community at large become fully ac-quainted with the extent and character of the alleged immoral conduct of evangelist, when he was publicly ex-pelled from fellowship by the church of this place, of which the Rev. Mr. B. A. ott is pastor, an account of which is

as follows: At the Disciples' church Sunday morn ing at a call meeting just after preaching the pastor read a decision reached by the official board of the church relating to E. L. Waldrop, a member of their congregation and preacher in the denomination. This decision was a recommenda-tion to withdraw fellowship from E. L. Waldrop. The charges that have been Waldrop. The charges that have been preferred against him were non-support of his family, lying and deception, adutery, and the violation of certain obligations to the church, which were proved in

a former church trial.

The pastor made the following statement: That there was no room for a reasonable doubt in these charges; that the testimony on the charges of lying and deception was as strong and direct as could be, and that the deception wa of a very grave nature; while not abso lutely proven, the evidence was as strong as circumstantial evidence could be. In raking up this decision there was no difference of cpinton in the board, and not a dissenting vote as to what decision should be reached. It appears that Mr. Waldrop has been going wrong for some time, his church having tried and found him guilty of grave misconduct last year, but continuing him as a preacher on his avowal of repentence and his pledge to lead a new and better life thereafter. These promises he did not keep, but violated them in less than a month, and has been guilty of many questicnable things since. The church voted without dissenting voice to sustain the decision of the official board.

Death of Mrs. Thornton.

BRENTSVILLE, VA., July 17.—Special. Mrs. Thornton, widow of the late Major W. W. Thornton, who has been a long but patient, sufferer from heart disease died to-day about 12 o'clock. Mrs. Thorn-ton's maiden name was Buckner, and she was born and raised in the county of Caroline. She had many warm friends. Those who knew her best loved her most, and so far as known no one had any enmity toward her. Until Friday last it had been dry here

for weeks, but since the local showers have revived, and the prospect for a fair corn crop is good.

Looks Like Murder Bost Foul. Looks Like Murder Most Foul.

BLUEFIELD, W. VA., July 18.—Special.—Samuel Ford, a colored citizen of this city, was foully murdered last night. His body was discovered to-day near his residence, with builet holes in the head. His wife and Charles Williams (colored) are suspected. His wife is under arrest, with damaging evidence against her. Williams is missing.

Considerable excitement prevails among the colored population, and threats of lynching are whispered as Ford was a good citizen.

SilkS.

The newest styles in Silks have just arrived. Figured China and Figured India, dark grounds, beautiful styles.

\$1 Yard.

TIMES DAILY FASHION HINTS. Delicate Lace Drapery\_Lace is Still Popu-



OLIVE AND ROSE CREPON.

And yet men say that women are fickle In the very face of the futile attempts a woman makes to retain a favorite denly, for some unknown reason, they make such a statement.

And, pray, what is a woman to do? She is never her own mistress. She picks up her magazine one morning and suddenly finds to her horror that the very gown she is wearing is old-fash-loned, out of date. A month before it had been all the rage; now, as the magazing declares, with such positiveness, no longer allowable.

no longer allowable. Is it her fault? Can she do anything but immediately repair to her dressmaker and procure something that is a la mode?

We are still clinaring devotedly to our old love—the lace. We are devoutly grateful for the fact that it is not yet placed beneath the ban. When it is, our yards and yards of lace will be neatly folded and sailly not away to neatly folded and sadly put away, to await a possible command to restore them in future years.

But there seems no immediate danger of such an overwhelming calamity. The wearer of this gown has no fear of it, it would seem, for she has not spared the gauxy material.

Over her olive crepon gown, that is shot with old rose color, she has laid nine rows of the lace insertion arranged in a series of three. There are full overpuffs of the lace on the sleeves failing. puffs of the lace on the sleeves falling below in deep ruffles. There is a deep black lace collar at the back, which is brought over the front in a Marie An-toinette fichu. At the belt it is brought around from the back, narrowing to-ward the front, and knotting loosely in the centre, the ends falling far down the front, widening out as they fall.

The meeting of the Young Men's Christian Association Boat Club, which was to have been held at the Association building last night, was postponed till next Saturday night at 9 o'clock. It was believed the meeting would interfere with the musical entertainment at the same place and hour hence the postponement. The boat club now has seventy-two members, and are showing much interest in affairs aquatic

The following convicts were received at the penitentiary yesterday: From Alex-andria, Simon Thomas (colored), to serve three years for grand larceny; from Botetourt, Edward Johnson (colored), to serve two years for house-breaking, and Henry Neale (colored), two years for house-breaking; from Campbell, Jacob

# Fourqurean, Price & Co. Levy&Davis.

OUR SPECIAL SALE

# LINENS,

attention of every economical house advise all to look through their linen supply and see if there is not something wanting.
When you can buy Lineas at these

prices you cannot afford to let such a Table Damasks that were 85c. for

Table Damasks that were \$1 for Table Damasks that were \$1.25 for Table Damasks that were \$1.75 and

\$1.50 for \$1.25. Table Damasks that were \$2 for Napkins to match the above Damasks at correspondingly low prices.

Linen Sheets

at \$4.75, \$4.95, \$5.50 and \$7.50-every one a bargain. LINEN PILLOW-CASES, \$1. LINEN BOLSTER-CASES, \$1.69 to

lowels. Fine White Damask Bordered Silver-Flax Towels, the genuine Irish make, regular price \$7.50 per dozen.

50c. Each. The \$6 per dozen quality, Large hite and Colored-Bordered Huck Towels.

35c. The \$3 per dozen quality, Heavy Scotch Huck Towels,

20c. In addition to the above we offer a choice lot of

French Flannels.

for ladles' dressing sacques and house costumes, light and dark shades, former price 75c. per yard, now

Kid Gloves.

Our Kid Gloves have no superior at the price, and the line of White Gloves we are offering this week at \$1 and \$1.25 a pair bring us many ustomers who have never bought gloves of us before.

# Woodward & LOTHROP.

Dry Goods Store CORNER BROAD AND ADAMS STREETS

STOCK-TAKING REDUCTIONS.

WE TAKE STOCK ON JULY MST. AND PRIOR TO THAT TIME SHALL OFFER MANY SEASONABLE GOODS AT MUCH LESS THAN USUAL

In many lines the assortment grows smaller each day, and the quantities diminish as well. These two considera-tions lead us to place upon such articles VERY LOW PRICES.

CHILDREN'S GAUZE VESTS, High neck and long sleeves and high neck and short sleeves, reduced from 2 to 121-2c-sizes 18, 20, 22, 24 CHILDREN'S TAN RIBBED HOSE, Reduced from 32, 34, 36, 44, 46, 46c to Ze per tair. LADIES' SWISS RIBBED VESTS from 12 1-2c to 10c, LADIES' RICHELIEU RIBBED VETTS.

LINEN DEPARTMENT. 50 short lengths of Crash Toweling at Reduced prices:

in White, 25c-Extra value

25 colored border fringed Luncheon or Tea Cloths, bought at a very low price two sizes, in yellow, pink, salmon red borders: 2x21-2 yd. cloth, plain fringe, 1235 each.

2x3 yd. cloth, plain fringe, El each, 2x2 1-2 yd. cloth, knotted fringe, El Meach, 2x3 yd. cloth, knotted fringe, 5150 each, Red border fringed Tea Napkins, il quality now 75c a dozen.

Extra fine quality Dinner Napkins, slightly soiled, \$12.50 quality, \$5.5 a dozen, \$5.5 quality, \$5 a dozen, \$5.5 quality, \$5 a dozen, \$6.5 quality, \$5 a dozen; \$6.5 quality, \$6.5 a

dozen; \$5 quality, \$4 a dozen.

Extra fine quality French Double Dannag

Hemstitched Dinner Sets, 21-2x31-2 vad cloth, with 1 dozen Napkins to marc, \$32.50 quality reduced to \$24; \$30 quality reduced to \$21.50.

100 Children's Linen Momte Cloth Earing Bibs, large size, reduced from 171-2: to

FOR MEN ONLY. Men's Sheer Linen tape bordered Handkerchiefs, subject to slight imper quality usually sold for 1%c, present price 19c; extra large size, do., 12 1-2c.

Men's Unlaundered Shirts, pure linea toosoms, 17 inches long, doubly reinforced, sizes 13 to 18-actual value 621 2c-pres-For 2 years, Zie: 4 to 8 years, 35c; 10 to 13 years, 50c. Children's Gowns, colored

embroidery on neck and front, all sizes, A HANDKERCHIEF EXTRA. Ladies' All-Linen Handkerchiefs, Hem-stitched, Plain White and Black and Col-ored Print Borders, numerous designs-

TEN CENTS.

# WOODWARD & LOTHROP.

regular 121-2c values

We intend to keep on telling our customers how to keep cool if it takes until next January.

## THE COOLEST STORE IN TOWN.

The mammoth store of Richmond has made big reductions in prices of MEN'S OUTING SHIRTS.

BOYS' SHIRT WAISTS,

LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS, FAUNTLEROY BLOUSES, suitable for both boys and girls, so that

an Outing Shirt, Blouse or Shirt Waist and keep comfortably cool. \$1.69 will buy a \$2.50 Outing Shirt. \$1.39 will buy a \$3 Outing Shirt. 97c. will buy a \$1.50 Outing Shirt. 87c. will bay a \$1.25 Outing Shirt. 79c. will buy the \$1 Outing Shirt.

every one can indulge in the luxury of

57c. will buy the 75c. Outing Shirt. 39c. will buy the 50c. Outing Shirt 30c. will buy the 48c. Outing Shirt. BOYS' SHIRT WAISTS. 50c. Outing Waists go down to 85c.

FAUNTLEROY BLOUSES,

for boys and girls, extremely stylish; 69c. for the \$1 Blouse. 87c. buys the \$1.25 Blouse. 95c. buys the \$1.50 Blouse. \$1.19 buys the \$1.75 Blouse. \$1.47 buys the \$2 Blouse.

50c. Percale Waists go at 29c.

\$1.69 buys the \$2.50 Blouse. \$1.85 buys the \$3 Blouse. \$3.37 buys the \$3.50 Blouse. LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS.

Bear Black China Silk Waists were \$6-reduced to \$4.19. Changeable Silk Waists go from \$5 to

\$4.19. Fine Plaid Silk Waists, extremely stylish, were \$8-reduced to \$5.25. Polka Dot and Plain China Silk Waise,

> \$1.75 Waist goes at \$1.19. \$3 Waist goes at \$1.98. \$4 Waist goes at \$2.67. \$2.50 Waist goes at \$1.47.

London Silk Fronts, to be worn with

COOLEST STORE IN TOWN.

Plaid Silk Waists reduced from \$6 to reduced from \$5 to \$3.97.
White Lawn Walsts, trimmed with fine embroidery-viz.:

> PERCALE SHIRT WAISTS Reduced from 50 to 38c. Reduced from 98 to 57c. Reduced from \$1.25 to 65c.

Levy & Davis,

Eton Jackets.